# Panasonic ideas for life

### MIDDLE LOAD RELAY FOR SMART J/B

## CN-M RELAYS (ACNM)



RoHS compliant

#### **FEATURES**

- · Best space savings in its class.
- 2. Compact and high-capacity 30A load switching.
- Full line up (High heat-resistant type and SMD type)
- Terminals for PC board pattern designs are easily allocated.

#### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Defogger, Seat heater, Head lamp, Fog lamp, Fan motor, etc.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

ACNM
Contact arrangement*1 1: 1 Form C 3: 1 Form A 5: 1 Form C high heat-resistant type 7: 1 Form A high heat-resistant type
Pick-up voltage 1: Max. 7.2V DC
Coil voltage (DC) 12: 12V
Terminal shape Nil: PC board terminal SA: Surface-mount terminal
Packing style*2 Nil: Tube packing X: Tape and reel packing (Reverse NO terminal direction in pull-out direction) Z: Tape and reel packing (Normal NO terminal direction in pull-out direction)

Notes: \*1. Surface-mount terminal type is available in high heat-resistant type only.

\*2. Tube packing: PC board terminal type only Tape and reel packing: Surface-mount type only

#### rape and reer packing. Ourlace mount type only

#### **TYPES**

#### 1. PC board terminal type

Contact arrangement	Naminal acil valtage	Part No.	
Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Standard type	High heat-resistant type
1 Form A	12V DC	ACNM3112	ACNM7112
1 Form C	12V DC	ACNM1112	ACNM5112

Standard packing; Carton (tube): 50 pcs.; Case: 1,500 pcs.

#### 2. Surface-mount terminal type

<del></del>			
Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
		High heat-resistant type	
1 Form A	- 12V DC	ACNM7112SAX	
		ACNM7112SAZ	
		ACNM5112SAX	
		ACNM5112SAZ	

Standard packing; Carton (tape and reel): 200 pcs.; Case: 600 pcs.

Notes: \*1. Surface-mount terminal type is available in high heat-resistant type only.

<sup>\*2.</sup> An "X" at the end of the part number indicates, for tape and reel packing, reverse NO terminal direction in pull-out direction.A "Z" at the end of the part number indicates, for tape and reel packing, normal NO terminal direction in pull-out direction.

### CN-M (ACNM)

#### **RATING**

#### 1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)	Usable voltage range
12 V DC	Max. 7.2 V DC (Initial)	Min. 1.0 V DC (Initial)	53.3 mA	225Ω	640 mW	10 to 16 V DC

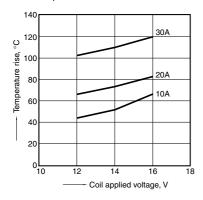
#### 2. Specifications

Characteristics	cs Item		Specifications		
	Arrangement		1 Form A, 1 Form C		
Contact	Contact resistance (Initial)		Typical 5mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)		
	Contact material		Ag alloy (Cadmium free)		
	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		N.O.: 30A 14V DC, N.C.: 15A 14V DC		
Rating	Max. carrying current (at 14V DC)		N.O. 30A/1 h, 40A/2 min. at 20°C 68°F 25A/1 h, 35A/2 min. at 85°C 185°F 20A/1 h, 30A/2 min. at 110°C 230°F (High heat-resistant type) N.C. 25A/1 h, 30A/2 min. at 20°C 68°F 20A/1 h, 25A/2 min. at 85°C 185°F 15A/1 h, 20A/2 min. at 110°C 230°F (High heat-resistant type)		
	Nominal operating power		640 mW		
	Min. switching capacity (resistive load)*		1A 12V DC		
	Insulation resista	nce (Initial)	Min. 100 MΩ (at 500 V DC)		
	Breakdown	Between open contacts	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)		
Electrical characteristics	voltage (Initial)	Between contacts and coil	500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10mA)		
maracteristics	Operate time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial)		
	Release time (at nominal voltage)		Max. 10ms (at 20°C 68°F, excluding contact bounce time) (Initial) (without protective element)		
	Shock	Functional	Min. 100 m/s² {10G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10μs)		
Mechanical	resistance	Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s <sup>2</sup> {100G} (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6ms)		
characteristics	Vibration	Functional	10 Hz to 100 Hz, Min. 44.1m/s² {4.5G} (Detection time: 10μs)		
	Vibration resistance	Destructive	10 Hz to 500 Hz, Min. 44.1m/s² {4.5G} Time of vibration for each direction; X, Y direction: 2 hours, Z direction: 4 hours		
	Mechanical		Min. 10 <sup>7</sup> (at 120 cpm)		
	Electrical		<resistive load=""> Min. 10<sup>5</sup> (At nominal switching capacity, operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 2s)</resistive>		
Expected life			<motor load=""> Min. 2×10<sup>5</sup>: at 80 A (inrush), 16 A (steady), 14 V DC (Operating frequency: ON 2s, OFF 6s)</motor>		
			<lamp load=""> Min. 10<sup>5</sup>: at 84 A (inrush), 12 A (steady), 14 V DC (Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 14s)</lamp>		
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage		Standard type; Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. High heat-resistant type; Ambient temperature: -40°C to +110°C -40°F to +230°F, Humidity: 2 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		
Mass			Approx. 5.5 g .19 oz		

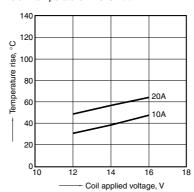
Note: \*This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

#### REFERENCE DATA

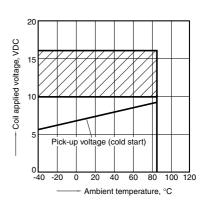
1-(1). Coil temperature rise Sample: ACNM1112, 3pcs Measured portion: Inside the coil Contact carrying current: 10A, 20A, 30A Ambient temperature: 26°C 78.8°F



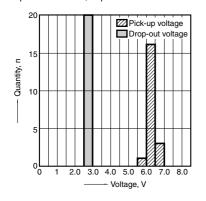
1-(2). Coil temperature rise Sample: ACNM7112, 3pcs Measured portion: Inside the coil Contact carrying current: 10A, 20A Ambient temperature: 110°C 230°F



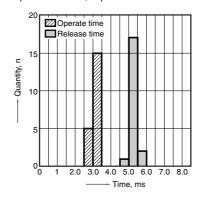
2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range



3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage Sample: ACNM1112, 20pcs.



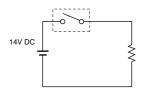
4. Distribution of operate and release time Sample: ACNM1112, 20pcs.



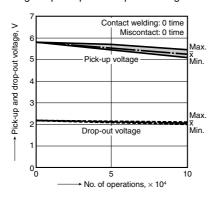
5-(1). Electrical life test (Resistive load)

Sample: ACNM1112, 3pcs. Load: Resistive load (NO side: 30A 14V DC) Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 1s Ambient temperature: Room temperature

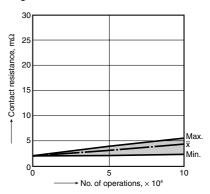
#### Circuit:



#### Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



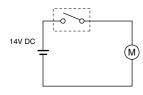
#### Change of contact resistance



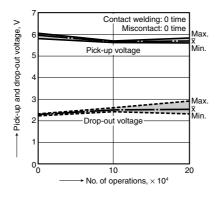
5-(2). Electrical life test (Motor load) Sample: ACNM7112, 3pcs.

Load: inrush: 80A/steady: 16A Operating frequency: ON 2s, OFF 6s Ambient temperature: 110°C 230°F

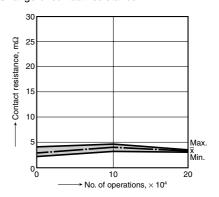
#### Circuit:



#### Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



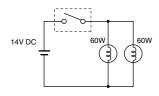
#### Change of contact resistance



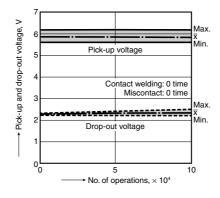
5-(3). Electrical life test (Lamp load) Sample: ACNM3112, 3pcs.

Load: inrush: 84A/steady: 12A
Operating frequency: ON 1s, OFF 14s
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

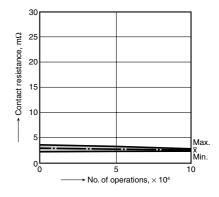
#### Circuit:



#### Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage



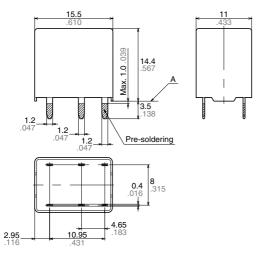
#### Change of contact resistance



#### **DIMENSIONS** (mm inch)

#### 1. PC board terminal type

#### External dimensions



**Dimension:** 

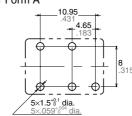
Max. 1mm .039 inch:

General tolerance ±0.1 ±.004 1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch: ±0.2 ±.008

Min. 3mm .118 inch: ±0.3 ±.012

#### PC board pattern (Bottom view)



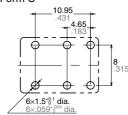


#### Schematic (Bottom view)

#### 1 Form A



1 Form C



1 Form C



**Dimension:** 

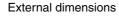
Max. 1mm .039 inch:

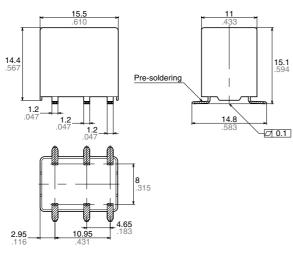
Min. 3mm .118 inch:

#### Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

#### 2. Surface-mount terminal type

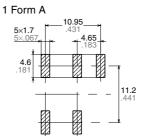






1 to 3mm .039 to .118 inch: ±0.2 ±.008

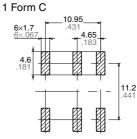
#### Recommended mounting pad (Top view)



Schematic (Top view)

### 1 Form A





1 Form C



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

General tolerance

±0.1 ±.004

±0.3 ±.012

<sup>\*</sup> Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal is measured before pre-soldering. Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.

#### **NOTES**

#### 1. Coil operating power

Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%. However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different.

#### 2. Coil applied voltage

To ensure proper operation, the voltage applied to the coil should be the rated operating voltage of the coil. Also, be aware that the pick-up and drop-out voltages will fluctuate depending on the ambient temperature and operating conditions.

#### 3. Cycle lifetime

Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors.

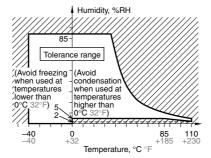
#### 4. Soldering

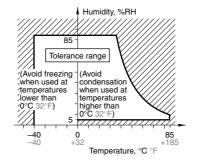
When soldering the relays, ensure conformance with the conditions listed below.

- 1) Automatic soldering
- Preheating: less than 100°C 212°F (solder target surface of PC board) for less than 120 sec
- Soldering: less than 260°C 500°F (solder temperature) for less than 5 sec (soldering time)
- 2) Manual soldering
- Soldering tip temperature: less than 280 to 300°C 536 to 572°F
- Soldering iron: 30 to 60 W
- Soldering time: less than 5 sec

### 5. Usage, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:
- (1) Temperature:
- -40 to +85°C -40 to +185°F (Standard type)
- -40 to +110°C -40 to +230°F
- (High heat-resistant type)
  (2) Humidity: 2 to 85% RH
- (Avoid freezing and condensation.)
- (3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below. (Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage)





#### 2) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

3) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperatures is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

4) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time

#### 6. Others

If the relay has been dropped, the appearance and characteristics should always be checked before use.

#### For Cautions for Use.